Entry in an open competition to look at the design of train interiors for the near future.

With rail travel expected to double by 2040, it was a premiss of these proposals that the efficient use of space not only within carriages but also within the stations they service.



Waiting space with seating adjacent allocated seats



CROSS SECTION

NEXT GENERATION TRAIN INTERIORS CHALLENGE

Rapid Installation: Prefabricated standardised base. extendible.



INTERNAL COMPONENTS

MORE SEATS Seats more upright & staggered for extra seats.

RAPID ALTERATIONS Bayonet floor fixings allow seats to be pre-arranged or removed for repair/ cleaning.

> DAYLIGHT Tinted glazing for additional daylight.

Oprional pull down Overhead storage on pull- down screen with power/ data strap. points. FIRST CLASS SEATING These recliners use the same floor fixings as standard class. User adjustable Foreward tilting lugage bin.

travel.

The same floor fixing points may be used for a variety of layouts- here first class seating is reclining at much lower densities. Allowing carriages to be quickly reconfigured for anticipated use is to greatly decrease the amount of unused seating.



PEAK CAPACITY

Hand- holds for nine additional standing passengers during on peak

EFFICIENT PACKAGING

Cross corridors take up less overall circulation space, while ensuring no passenger is further than two metres from a door, speeding turnround.

FLEXIBILITY



The ruthless use of useable space within the limited footprint of existing railway stations is extended to the use of directional lifts (as opposed to traditional stairways). Within stations passengers arriving & departing move in a comon direction, improving flow.